



Design Example Report

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Title | <i>2.4W Charger using LNK500P</i> |
| Specification | Input: 85 – 265 VAC Output: 5.9V / 400 mA. |
| Application | Cell Phone Charger |
| Author | Power Integrations Applications Department |
| Document Number | DER-1 |
| Date | February 4, 2004 |
| Revision | 1.0 |

Summary and Features

- Accurate CVCC characteristic
- Low cost solution for CV/CC charger
- No Y-cap needed for EMI
- Very low AC leakage
- No load power consumption <300 mW

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Important Notes:

Although this board is designed to satisfy safety isolation requirements, the engineering prototype has not been agency approved. Therefore, all testing should be performed using an isolation transformer to provide the AC input to the prototype board.

Design Reports contain a power supply design specification, schematic, bill of materials, and transformer documentation. Performance data and typical operation characteristics are included. Typically only a single prototype has been built.



1 Introduction

This document is an engineering report describing a 5.9 VDC, 400 mA CV/CC charger utilizing a LNK500P.

This document contains the power supply specification, schematic, bill of materials, transformer documentation, printed circuit layout, and performance data.

2 Photograph

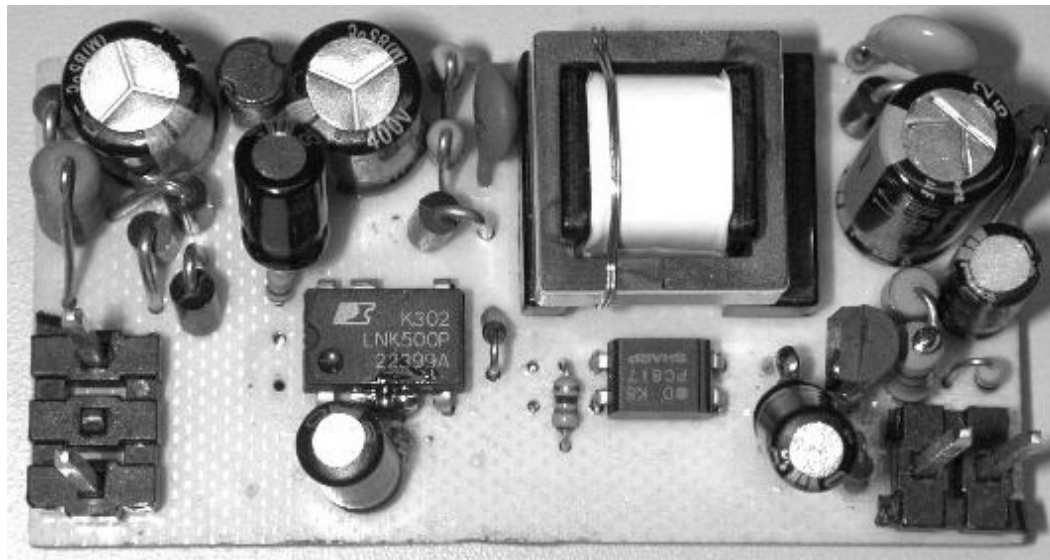


Figure 1 PSU

3 Power Supply Specification

| Description | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Comment |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-----|---------------------------|-----|-------|------------------------------|
| Input | | | | | | |
| Voltage | V_{IN} | 85 | | 265 | VAC | 2 Wire – no P.E. |
| Frequency | f_{LINE} | 47 | 50/60 | 64 | Hz | |
| No-load Input Power (230 VAC) | | | | 0.3 | W | |
| Output | | | | | | 20 MHz Bandwidth |
| Output Voltage | V_{OUT} | | 5.9 | | V | |
| Output Ripple Voltage | V_{RIPPLE} | | | 60 | mV | |
| Output Current 1 | I_{OUT} | | 0.4 | | A | |
| Total Output Power | | | | | | |
| Continuous Output Power | P_{OUT} | | 2.36 | | W | |
| Efficiency | η | | 62 | | % | Measured at full load, 25 °C |
| Environmental | | | | | | |
| Conducted EMI | | | Meets CISPR22B / EN55022B | | | |
| Ambient Temperature | T_{AMB} | 0 | | 40 | °C | Free convection, sea level |



4 Schematic

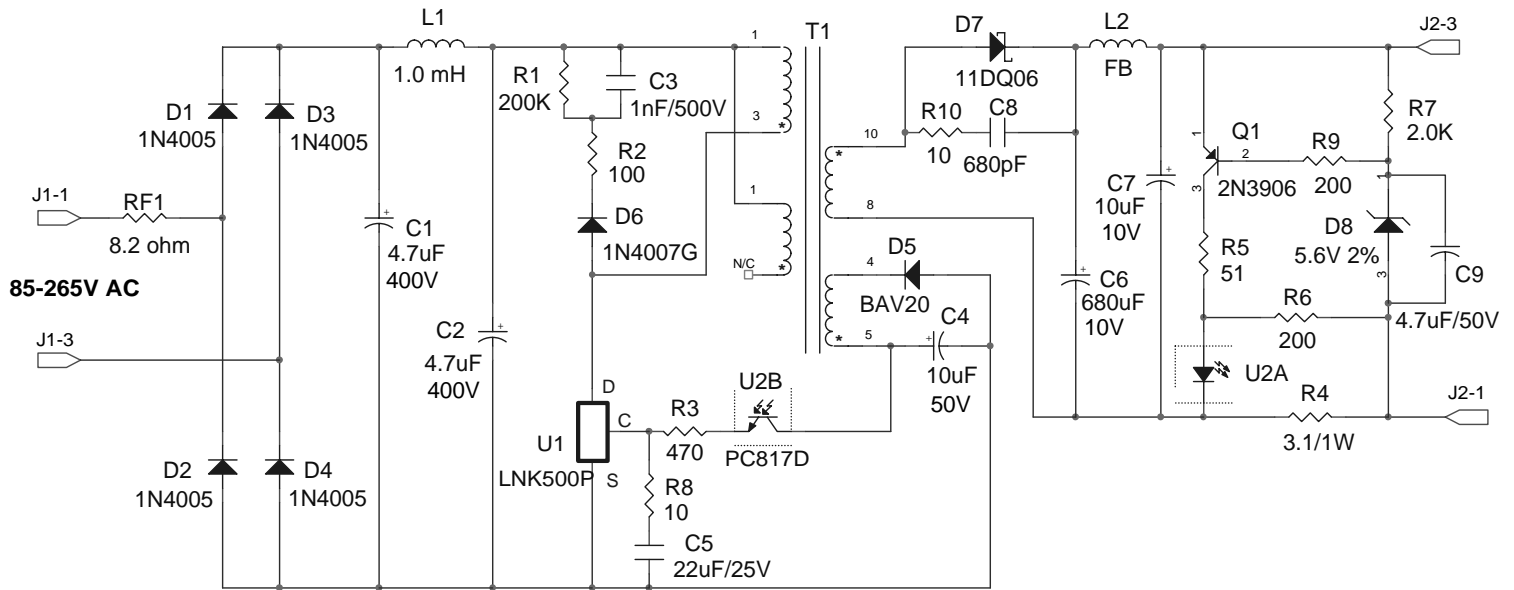


Figure 2 – Schematic.

5 Circuit Description

This circuit is configured as a flyback using the LNK500P.

5.1 Input Rectification

AC input power is rectified by a full bridge, consisting of D1 through D4. The rectified DC is then filtered by the bulk storage capacitors C1 and C2. Inductor L1, C1 and C2 form a pi (π) filter, which attenuates conducted differential-mode EMI noise.

5.2 Output Voltage Sensing, Feedback

Before the output current reaches about 400 mA, the output voltage is set by Zener diode D8 and bias voltage of Q1. When output current reaches about 400 mA the current loop, which combined by U2, R4 and R6 takes over the regulation. So the output is in constant current mode. The value of R4 and R6 determines the output current.



6 PCB Layout

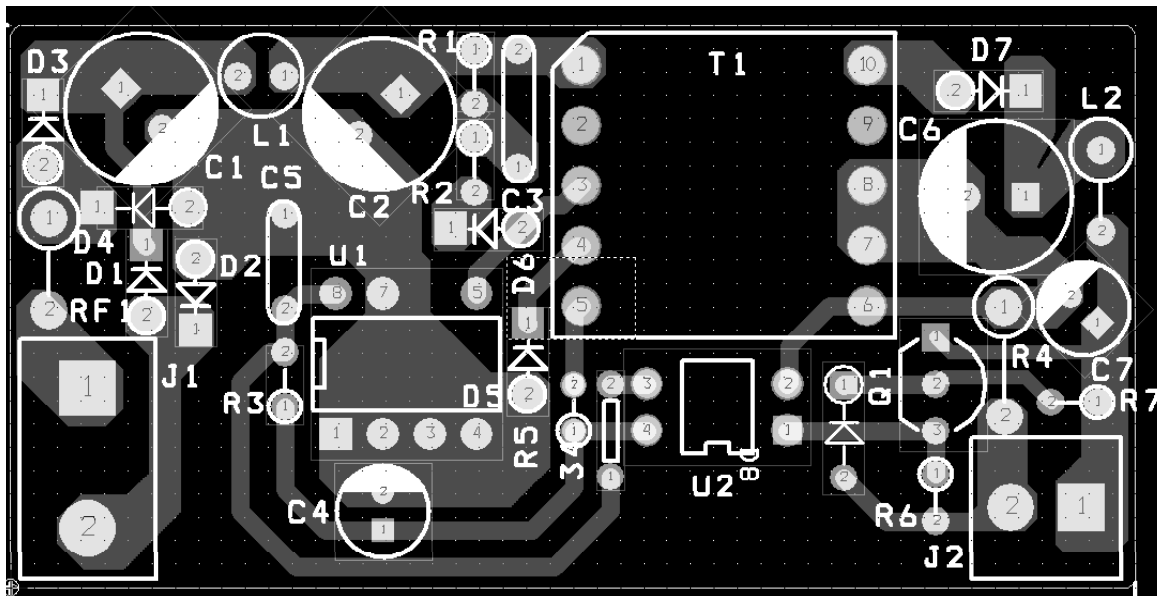


Figure 3 – Printed Circuit Layout.

Notes:

There are a few modification of this layout. Please refer to schematic.

- C5 has R8 added in series
- RC snubber added onto D7
- C9 added in parallel with D8



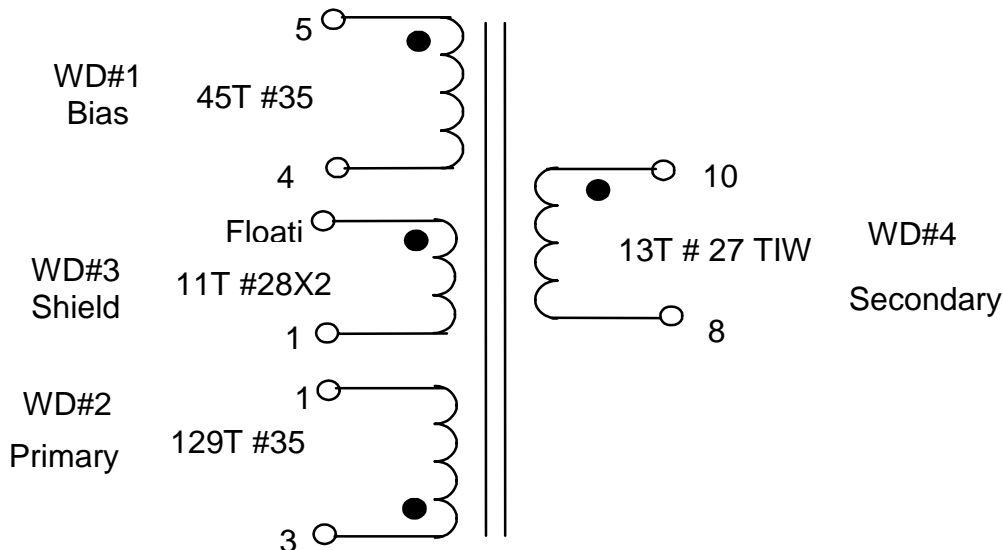
7 Bill of Materials

| Item | Qty | Ref | Description | P/N | Mfg |
|------|-----|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | 2 | C1, C2 | 4.7uF/400V, Electrolytic cap | | Any |
| 2 | 1 | C3 | 1.0nF/500V, ceramic disk | | Any |
| 3 | 1 | C4 | 10uF/50V, electrolytic cap, low esr | | Any |
| 4 | 1 | C5 | 22uF/25V, electrolytic cap | | Any |
| 5 | 1 | C6 | 680uF/10V, electrolytic cap low esr | | Any |
| 6 | 1 | C7 | 100uF/10V, electrolytic cap low esr | | Any |
| 7 | 1 | C8 | 680pF/500V, ceramic disk | | Any |
| 8 | 1 | C9 | 4.7uF/50V, electrolytic cap | | Any |
| 9 | 4 | D1-D4 | 1A/600V, general diode | 1N4005 | Diode |
| 10 | 1 | D5 | 0.25A/200V, general diode | BAV20 | Philips |
| 11 | 1 | D6 | 1A/1000V, glass passive | 1N4007G | Vishay |
| 12 | 1 | D7 | 1.1A/60V, schottky diode | 11DQ06 | IR |
| 13 | 1 | D8 | 5.6V 2% zener diode | BZX79B5V6 | Any |
| 14 | 1 | L1 | 1.0 mH | 47HY102 | Token |
| 15 | 1 | L2 | Ferrite bead | | Any |
| 16 | 1 | R1 | 200k, 1/4W | | Any |
| 17 | 1 | R2 | 100, 1/8W | | Any |
| 18 | 1 | R3 | 470, 1/8W | | Any |
| 19 | 1 | R4 | 3.1, 1W | | Any |
| 20 | 1 | R5 | 51, 1/8W | | Any |
| 21 | 1 | R6 | 200, 1/8W | | Any |
| 22 | 1 | R7 | 2K, 1/8W | | Any |
| 23 | 1 | R9 | 5.1, 1/8W | | Any |
| 24 | 2 | R8, R10 | 10, 1/8W | | Any |
| 25 | 1 | RF1 | 8.2, 1W, fusible | | Any |
| 26 | 1 | T1 | EE16 customized transformer | | |
| 27 | 1 | U1 | LNK500P | | PI |
| 28 | 1 | U2 | Opto-coupler | PC817D | Sharp |
| 29 | 1 | Q1 | small signal transistor | 2N3906 | Any |



8 Transformer

8.1 Transformer Diagram



8.2 Electrical Specifications

| | | |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Electrical Strength | 60Hz 1minute, from Pins 1-5 to Pins 6-10 | 3000 V ac |
| Primary Inductance (Pin 1 to Pin 3) | All windings open | 3.55 mH +/- 7% at 42KHz |
| Resonant Frequency. (Pin 1 to Pin 3) | All windings open | 350 kHz (Min.) |
| Primary Leakage Inductance. (Pin 1 to Pin 3) | Pins 8-10 shorted | 80 uH Max. |

8.3 Materials

| Item | Description |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [1] | Core: PC40EF16-Z, TDK or equivalent Gapped for AL of 213.3 nH/T ² |
| [2] | Bobbin: Horizontal 10 pin |
| [3] | Magnet Wire: #35 AWG |
| [4] | Magnet Wire: #28 AWG |
| [5] | Triple Insulated Wire: #27 AWG. |
| [6] | Tape: 3M 1298 Polyester Film, 2.0 mils thick, 8.4 mm wide |
| [7] | Tinned bus wire 32 AWG |
| [8] | Varnish |



8.4 Transformer Construction

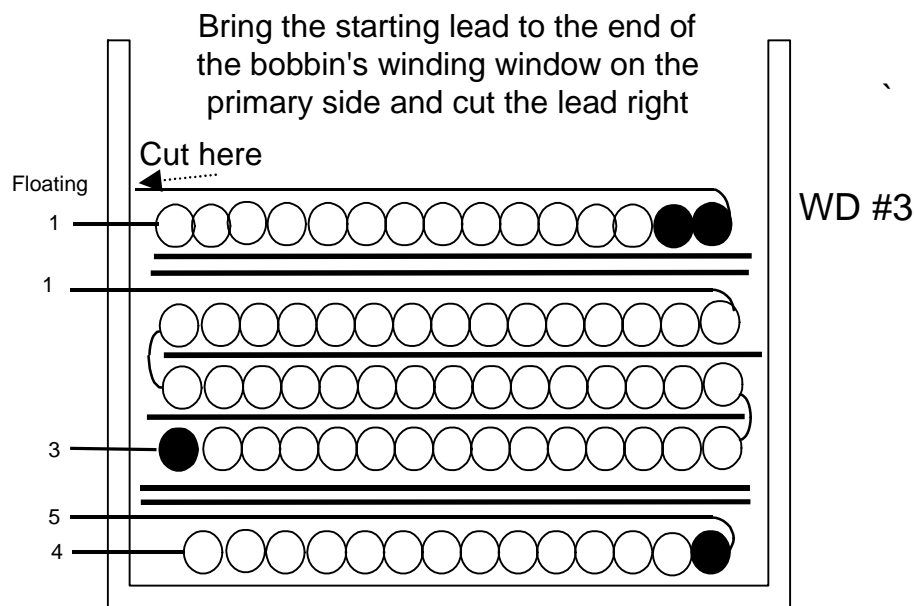
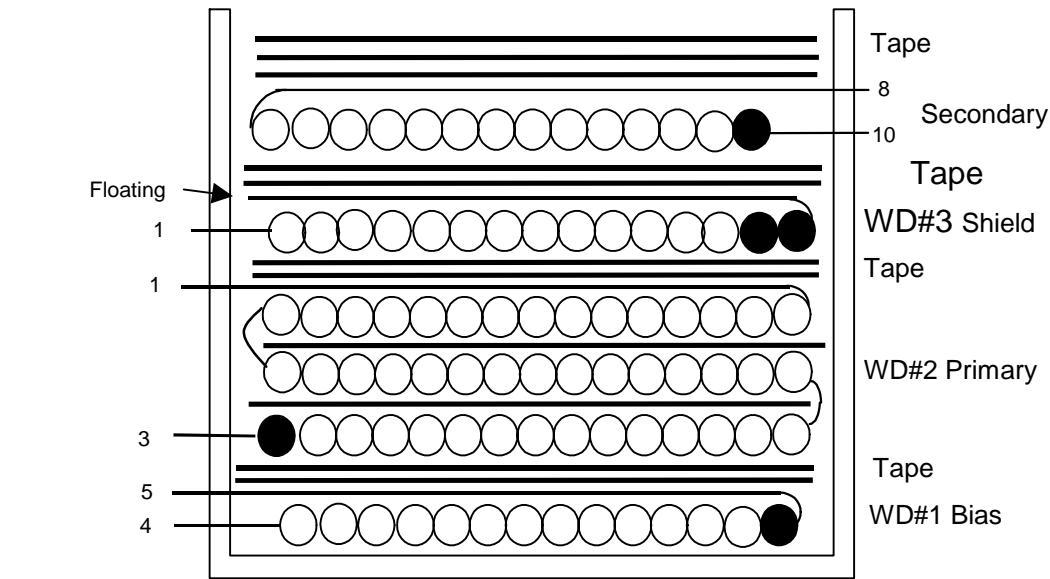


Figure 4 Transformer winding details



8.5 Winding Instructions

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| WD1 Bias Winding | Primary pin side of the bobbin oriented to left hand side. Start at Pin 8 temporarily. Wind 45 turns of item [3] from right to left. Wind with tight tension across entire bobbin evenly. Finish on Pin 4. |
| WD1 | Change the start pin from pin 8 to pin 5. |
| Insulation | 2 Layers of tape [6] for insulation. |
| WD#2 Primary winding | Start at pin 3 wind 44 turns of item [3] from left to right, apply one layer of type [6]. Then wind another 44 turns next layer from right to left, apply one layer of type [6]. Wind 41 turns in third layer from left to right. Wind with tight tension across entire bobbin evenly Finish at pin 1 |
| Insulation | 2 Layers of tape [6] for insulation. |
| WD #3 Shield Winding | Start at Pin 8 temporarily, wind 11 bifilar turns of item [4]. Wind from right to left with tight tension. Wind uniformly, in a single layer across entire width of bobbin. Finish on Pin 1. |
| WD #3 | Flip the starting end to left hand side. Cut the lead of the starting end as in shown in figure 4. |
| Insulation | 2 Layers of tape [6] for insulation. |
| WD #4 Secondary Winding | Start at pin 10, wind 13 turns of item [5] from right to left. Wind uniformly, in a single layer across entire bobbin evenly. Finish on pin 8. |
| Outer Insulation | 3 Layers of tape [6] for insulation. |
| Core Assembly | Assemble and secure core halves. |
| Core Grounding | Start at pin 1, wind 2 turns of item [7] around the core close to primary side. Finish at pin1. Wind it tight making good contact with core. |
| Varnish | Varnish |



9 Performance Data

All measurements performed at room temperature, 60 Hz input frequency.

9.1 Efficiency

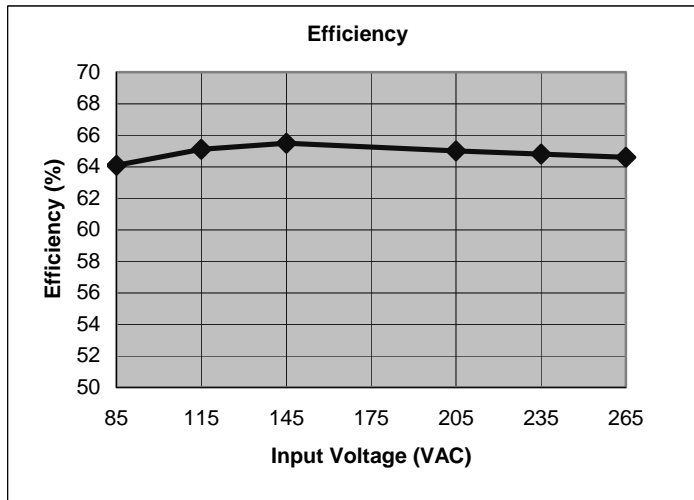


Figure 5 Efficiency vs input voltage at full load

9.2 No-load power consumption

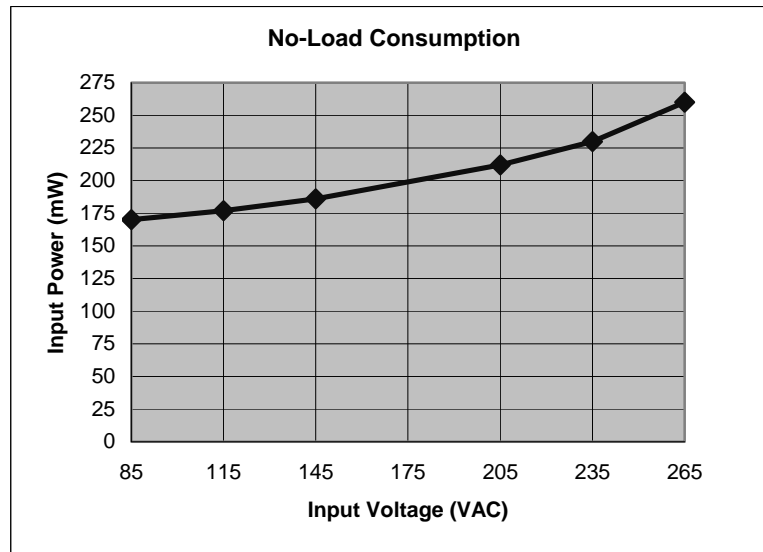


Figure 6- Standby Input Power vs. Input Line Voltage



9.2.1 Output Characteristic

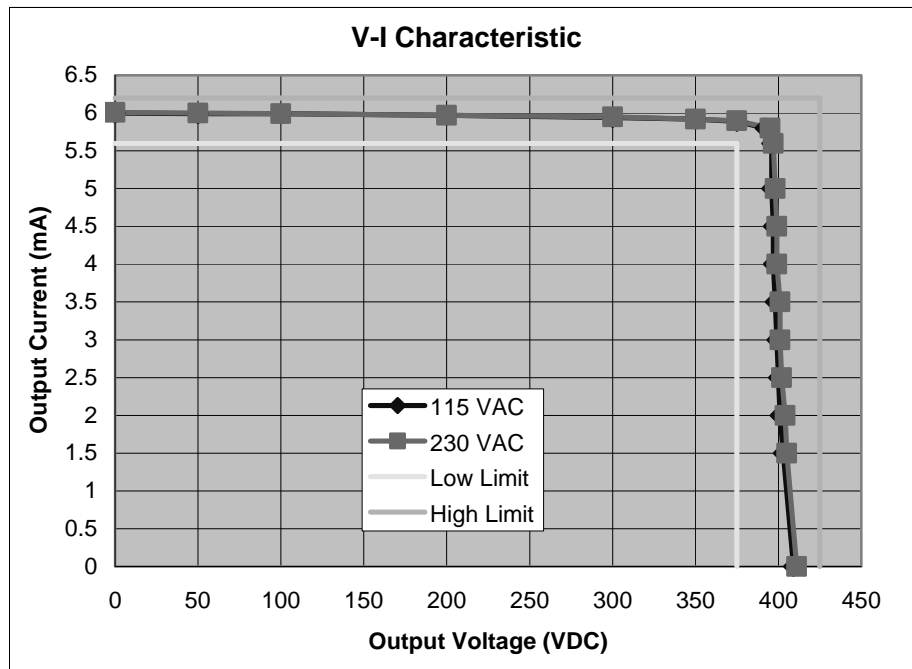


Figure 7 Output V-I characteristic



9.3 Output Ripple & Noise

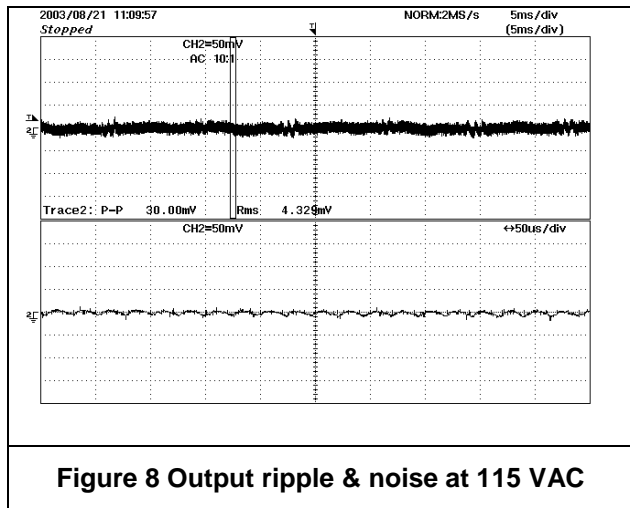


Figure 8 Output ripple & noise at 115 VAC

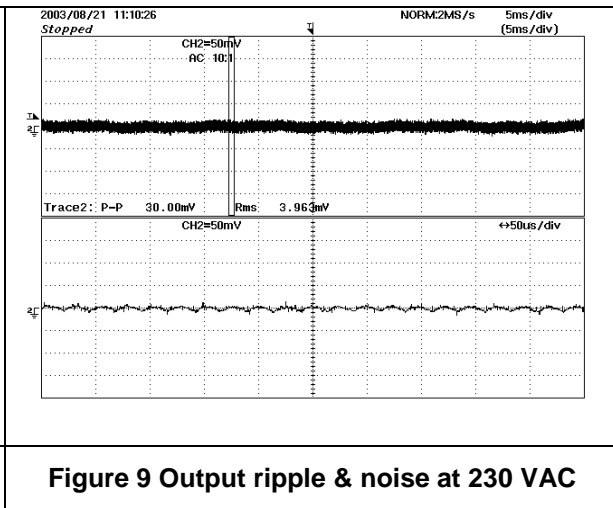


Figure 9 Output ripple & noise at 230 VAC

9.4 Output Start up

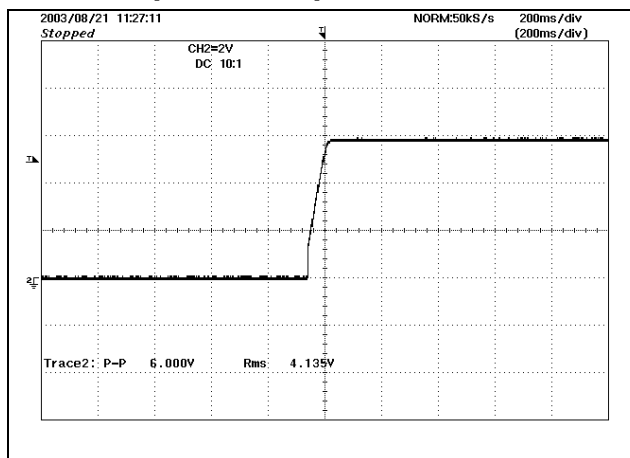


Figure 10 Output start up at 115 VAC, full load

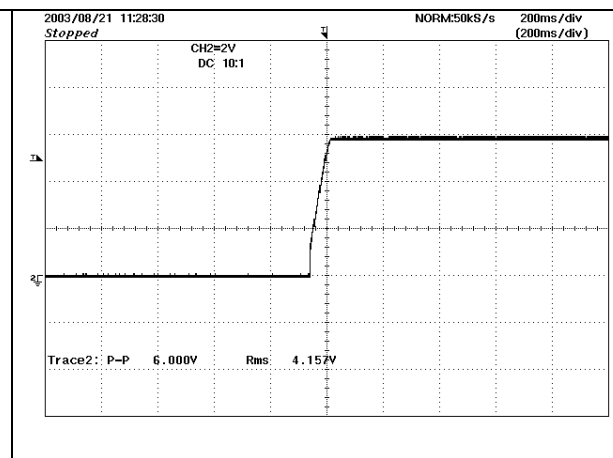


Figure 11 Output start up at 230 VAC, full load

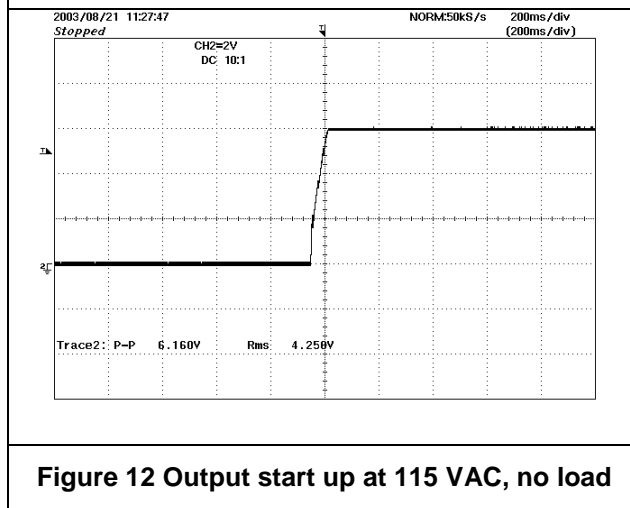


Figure 12 Output start up at 115 VAC, no load

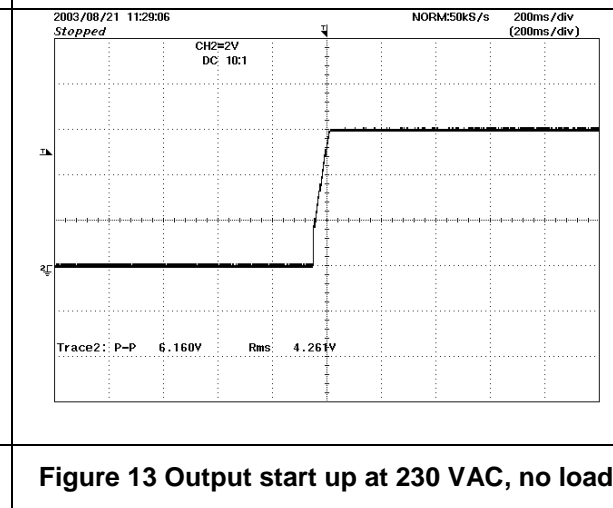


Figure 13 Output start up at 230 VAC, no load



9.5 Drain voltage during start up

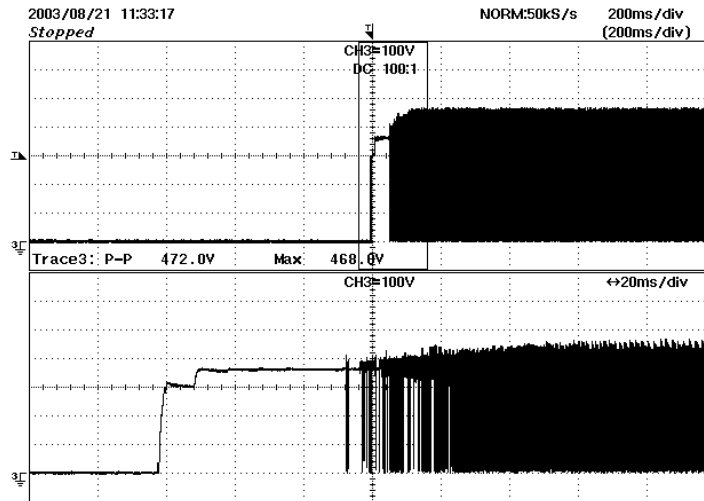


Figure 14 Drain voltage during start up at 265 VAC, full load

9.6 Operation

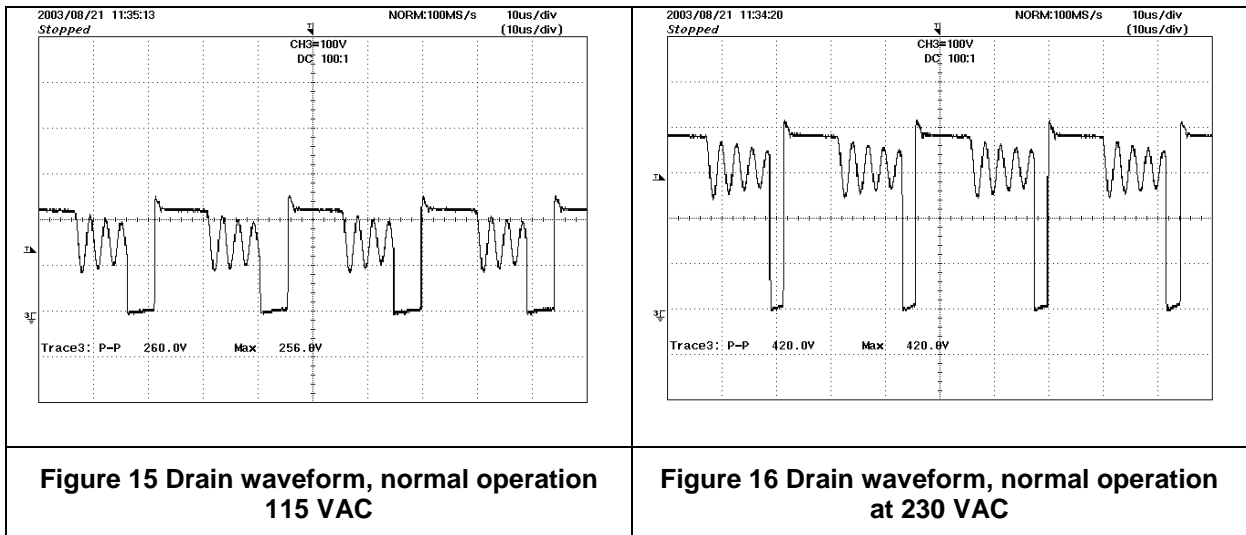


Figure 15 Drain waveform, normal operation 115 VAC

Figure 16 Drain waveform, normal operation at 230 VAC

10 Thermal Performance

Temperature of LinkSwitch during normal operation, open air

| Item | 85 VAC | 265 VAC |
|----------------|--------|---------|
| Ambient | 25 °C | 25 °C |
| LNK500P | 42°C | 43°C |



11 Conducted EMI

EMI was tested at room temperature, 230 VAC input, during normal operation

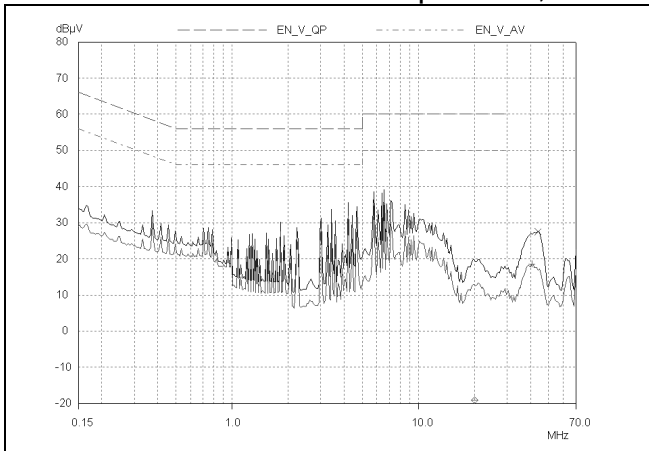


Figure 17 Line, floating

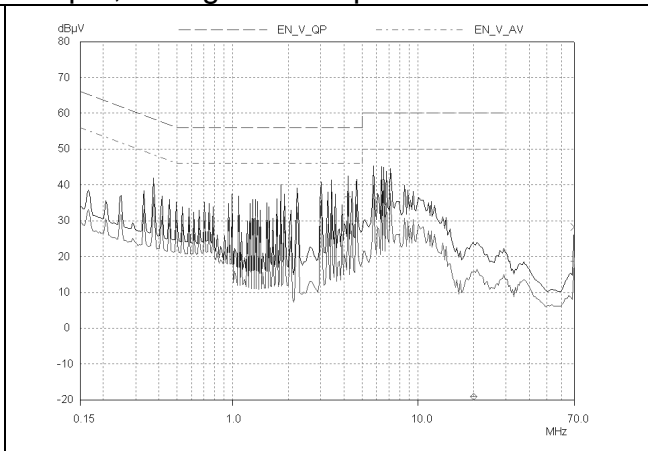


Figure 18 Line, artificial hand

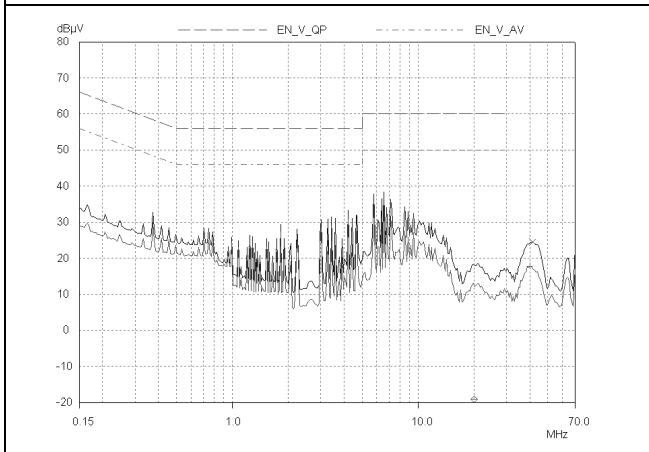


Figure 19 Neutral, floating

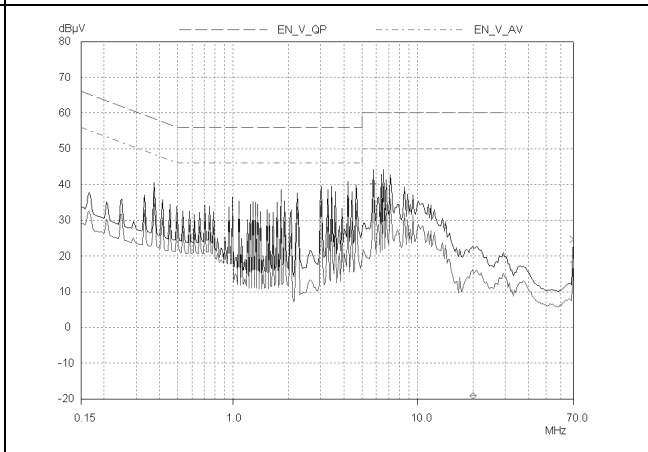


Figure 20 Neutral, artificial hand

12 Revision History

| Date | Author | Revision | Description & changes | Reviewed |
|------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------|----------|
| February 4, 2004 | YG | 1.0 | First Release | AM/VC |

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