

Title	Preliminary Reference Design Report 50 W Flyback Converter with Two Independently Regulated Outputs Using InnoMux <sup>™</sup> 2-EP IMX2378F-H415					
Specification	90 VAC – 265 VAC Input; 12 V / 1.67 A and 24 V / 1.25 A Outputs					
Application	Multi-Output PSU for Appliance and Industrial					
Author	Applications Engineering Department					
Document Number	RDR-1043					
Date	31 May 2024					
Revision	1.0					

### **Summary and Features**

Unique single-stage multi-output, flyback architecture enabling:-

- High efficiency across wide-input line voltage
- Independently regulated 12 V and 24 V outputs
  - Both output voltages are regulated to ±1% accuracy
- Low no-load consumption
  - Less than 50 mW across line
- Comprehensive protection features
  - Output overvoltage (OVP)
  - Output power limit set independently for each output
  - Accurate thermal protection with hysteretic overtemperature shutdown
  - Input voltage monitor with accurate brown-in/brown-out and overvoltage

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### Introduction

This document is an engineering report describing a flyback offline power supply intended for appliance, industrial and smart meter applications, utilizing the IMX2378F-H415 from the InnoMux2-EP family of ICs.

The power supply has two Constant Voltage (CV) outputs: 1.67 A, 12 V and 1.25 A, 24 V. It can deliver a total maximum output power of 50 W, with universal mains input (from 90 VAC to 265 VAC). This design shows the high efficiency and accurate output regulation that is possible due to the controller's multiplexing power control algorithm and high level of integration.

This report is a preliminary summary. To receive additional information including bill of materials, printed circuit board (PCB) layout, computer performance data and test setup, contact your local PI representative.



Figure 1 – Populated Circuit Board Photograph, Top.



Figure 2 – Populated Circuit Board Photograph, Bottom.



### **1** Power Supply Specification

The table below represents the minimum acceptable performance of the design.

Description	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Units	Comment	
Input							
Voltage	VIN	90		265	VAC	3 Wire Input	
Frequency	<b>f</b> LINE	47	50/60	64	Hz		
Output							
Output Voltage 1	<b>V</b> <sub>OUT1</sub>	11.8	12	12.2	V	±5%	
Output Ripple Voltage 1	<b>V</b> RIPPLE1			240	mV	$\pm 1\%$ , 20 MHz Bandwidth	
Output Current 1	I <sub>OUT1</sub>	0		1.67	Α		
Output Voltage 2	<b>V</b> <sub>OUT2</sub>	23.7	24	24.3	V	±5%	
Output Ripple Voltage 2	<b>V</b> RIPPLE2			480	mV	$\pm 2\%$ , 20 MHz Bandwidth	
Output Current 2	I <sub>OUT2</sub>	0		1.25	Α		
Total Output Power							
Output Power	Роит		50		W		
Efficiency							
Full Load	η		90		%	Measured at 230 VAC, 25 °C	
Standby Input Power	•			<0.3	W	Measured at 230 VAC 25 °C, 5 V 30 mA	
Environmental							
Ambient Temperature	Тамв	0		40	٥C	Free Convection, Sea Level	

 Table 1 – Power Supply Specifications



# 2 Simplified Schematic



Figure 3 – Simplified Schematic Showing Key Circuit Elements



## **3** Preliminary Performance Information

### Full Load Efficiency vs. Line

Full load efficiency vs. line voltage is shown below. Nominal line voltages (90 VAC, 115 VAC, 230 VAC, 265 VAC).

- CV1 = 12 V @ 1.67 A
- CVHV = 24 V @ 1.25 A
- NTC resistor is shorted



Figure 4 – Full Power Efficiency vs. Line Voltage at Room Temperature



### 4 Efficiency vs. Load

- Tests performed at nominal line voltages (90 VAC, 115 VAC, 230 VAC, 265 VAC).
- CV1 = 12 V @ 1.67 A (0 to 100% with 5% load increment)
- CVHV = 24 V @ 1.25 Å (0 to 100% with 5% load increment)
- NTC resistor is shorted



Figure 5 – Efficiency vs. Load for All Line Inputs, Room Temperature



#### **Output Load Regulation** 5



# CV1 (12 V) Load Regulation

Figure 6 – CV1 Output Voltage Error vs. Output Load, Room Temperature





Figure 7 – CVHV Output Voltage Error vs. Output Load, Room Temperature



### 6 No-Load and Standby Input Power (ICVHV = 0 A)

The output power vs. input power at standby mode measurements are shown below. These were obtained for all combinations of:

- All nominal line voltages (90 V, 115 V, 230 V, 265 V)
- CVHV output = 0 A
- CV1 output = 0 mW to 350 mW



Figure 8- Standby Power Availability vs. Input Line Voltage, Room Temperature



# 7 Thermal Performance

No heatsinks are required for the power supply. Copper PCB area is used for cooling the InnoMux2-EP IC. No forced air-cooling was required during any test. Temperatures of the hottest components in the assembly are shown below.



Figure 9– Thermal Image, 90 VAC, Full Power















### **Revision History**

Date	Author	Revision	<b>Description &amp; Changes</b>	Reviewed
31-May-24	Doc. Team	1.0	Preliminary Release.	Apps & Mktg



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